# COMPARATIVE STUDY ON CODE BASED ANALYSIS OF STEEL MOMENT RESISTING CONNECTIONS

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Master of Engineering Degree in Structural Engineering Design

University of Moratuwa Sri Lanka

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Thesis submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree Master of Engineering

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Sri Lanka

February 2014

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#### Abstract

Moment resisting connections are usually designed as simple or continuous although the actual behavior is known to fall between these two extreme cases. The use of semi- continuous connection results substantial savings in steel weight of the overall construction. Extended endplate and Flush end plate connections are the widely used type of connections in steel frame construction. To understand the real behavior of semi- continuous connection, full scale laboratory test is the most accurate approach, but it is time consuming and costly to undertake. Therefore other methods were developed to predict the capacity of connections.

Thus, in this study three EEP and three FEP connections were analyzed using two standards (BS 5950 Part 1: 2000 and EC 3– with UK national application document). A method proposed by Steel Construction Institute (SCI) was taken into account for analyzing. The results obtained from the numerical analysis were then compared with the existing experimental test results on the results of the accuracy of numerical analysis. Comparison between the results from numerical analysis and experiment results satisfactorily agreed.

Specially dedicated to my beloved family and friends... University of Moratuwa, Sri Lanka. Electronic Theses & Dissertations



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### LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

Abbreviation	Description
A <sub>e</sub>	Sum of the effective net areas of all the elements of the cross section
$A_{\text{eff}}$	Effective cross-sectional area
Ag	Gross cross-sectional area
A <sub>n</sub>	Total net area
A <sub>s</sub>	Shear area of a bolt
A <sub>t</sub>	Tensile stress area as specified in the appropriate bolt standard
$A_v$	Shear area of member
a <sub>p</sub>	Weld throat thickness
b <sub>1</sub> b <sub>e</sub>	Using feight atuwa, Sri Lanka. Electronic Theses & Dissertations w Distance to the near end of the member from the end of the
	stiff bearing
d	Nominal diameter of the bolt
e	End distance
F <sub>vp</sub>	Column web panel zone the local shear force
P <sub>bb</sub>	Bearing capacity of the bolt
p <sub>bs</sub>	Bearing strength of the connected part
p <sub>c</sub>	Compressive strength
p <sub>s</sub>	Shear strength of a bolt
P <sub>T</sub>	Transverse capacity per unit length of weld

Pt	Tension strength of the bolt
P <sub>bw</sub>	Bearing capacity of the web
Ру	Yield strength of the connected part.
P <sub>v</sub>	Shear capacity
$p_{yw}$	Design strength of the web
r	Root radius
S	Leg length of a fillet weld
Т	Thickness of a flange
Т	Thickness of a web
t <sub>p</sub>	Thickness of the connected part



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